

第十七課 一元一次方程式(第十七級)

例題

$$(1) -\frac{1}{2}(x+3)=6$$

$$2(-\frac{1}{2}(x+3))=2(6)$$

$$-x-3=12$$

$$-x=12+3$$

$$-x=15$$

$$x=-15$$

$$(2) \frac{1}{3}(x+7)=1$$

$$3(\frac{1}{3}(x+7))=3(1)$$

$$x+7=3$$

$$x=3-7$$

$$x=-4$$

$$(3) x+\frac{1}{2}=\frac{2}{3}x$$

$$6(x+\frac{1}{2})=6(\frac{2}{3}x)$$

$$6x+3=4x$$

$$6x-4x=-3$$

$$2x=-3$$

$$x=-\frac{3}{2}$$

$$(4) (2x-1)=\frac{2}{3}$$

$$3(2x-1)=3(\frac{2}{3})$$

$$6x-3=2$$

$$6x=5$$

$$x=\frac{5}{6}$$

$$(5) \quad -\frac{1}{3}(2x + 3) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$12\left(-\frac{1}{3}(2x + 3)\right) = 12\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$-4(2x+3)=3$$

$$-8x-12=3$$

$$-8x=3+12$$

$$-8x=15$$

$$x = -\frac{15}{8}$$

$$(6) \quad \frac{2}{3}(x - 1) = 4$$

$$3\left(\frac{2}{3}(x - 1)\right) = 3(4)$$

$$2x-2=12$$

$$2x=12+2$$

$$2x=14$$

$$x=7$$

$$(7) \quad -(x+2) = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$3(-x-2) = 3\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)$$

$$-3x-6=5$$

$$-3x=5+6$$

$$-3x=11$$

$$x = -\frac{11}{3}$$

$$(8) \quad \frac{2}{3}(2x + 3) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$12\left(\frac{2}{3}(2x + 3)\right) = 12\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$4(2(2x+3))=3$$

$$8(2x+3)=3$$

$$16x+24=3$$

$$16x=3-24$$

$$16x = -21$$

$$x = -\frac{21}{16}$$

$$(9) \quad -2(x+5) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3(-2(x+5)) = 3\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$-6(x+5) = 2$$

$$-6x - 30 = 2$$

$$-6x = 2 + 30$$

$$-6x = 32$$

$$x = \frac{32}{-6}$$

$$x = -\frac{16}{3}$$

$$(10) \quad (x+2) = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$3(x+2) = 3\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$3x + 6 = -4$$

$$3x = -4 - 6$$

$$3x = -10$$

$$x = -\frac{10}{3}$$

$$(11) \quad -2(x+2) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3(-2(x+2)) = 3\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$-6(x+2) = 2$$

$$-6x - 12 = 2$$

$$-6x = 2 + 12$$

$$-6x = 14$$

$$x = \frac{14}{-6}$$

$$x = -\frac{7}{3}$$

$$(12) 3(x+1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2(3(x+1)) = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$6(x+1) = 1$$

$$6x+6=1$$

$$6x=1-6$$

$$6x=-5$$

$$x = -\frac{5}{6}$$

$$(13) -3(x+1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2(-3(x+1)) = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$-6(x+1) = 1$$

$$-6x-6=1$$

$$-6x=1+6$$

$$-6x=7$$

$$x = -\frac{7}{6}$$

$$(14) \frac{2}{3}(x+2) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$12\left(\frac{2}{3}(x+2)\right) = 12\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$8(x+2) = 3$$

$$8x+16=3$$

$$8x=3-16$$

$$8x=-13$$

$$x = -\frac{13}{8}$$

$$(15) -2(x+3) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3(-2(x+3)) = 3\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

$$-6(x+3) = 2$$

$$-6x-18=2$$

$$-6x=2+18$$

$$-6x=20$$

$$x=\frac{20}{-6}$$

$$x=-\frac{10}{3}$$

習題	答案
(1) $-2(x+1)=\frac{1}{3}$	$x=-\frac{7}{6}$
(2) $-\frac{1}{3}(x+3)=1$	$x=-6$
(3) $\frac{1}{3}(2x+1)=1$	$x=1$
(4) $\frac{4}{3}(x+1)=8$	$x=5$
(5) $-\frac{1}{3}(x+\frac{1}{2})=1$	$x=-\frac{7}{2}$
(6) $\frac{1}{2}(2x-1)=3$	$x=\frac{7}{2}$
(7) $-3(x+1)=\frac{1}{2}$	$x=-\frac{7}{6}$
(8) $-4(x+2)=\frac{1}{3}$	$x=-\frac{25}{12}$
(9) $-\frac{2}{3}(2x-1)=2$	$x=-1$
(10) $2(x+3)=-\frac{1}{2}$	$x=-\frac{13}{4}$
(11) $-(x+2)=\frac{1}{3}$	$x=-\frac{7}{3}$
(12) $(x-1)=\frac{1}{3}$	$x=\frac{2}{3}$
(13) $-2(x-1)=\frac{2}{3}$	$x=\frac{2}{3}$
(14) $-\frac{1}{3}(x+2)=\frac{1}{2}$	$x=-\frac{7}{2}$

(15) $-2(x-1) = \frac{1}{3}$	$x = \frac{5}{6}$
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